



知的財産権について

About Intellectual Property Rights

特許庁ホームページに、詳しい説明が掲載されていますので、各自でご確認ください。

Detailed explanations are posted on the webpage of Japan Patent Office (JPO). Please check on the website below.

○特許庁ホームページ JPO Website

(日本語) <https://www.jpo.go.jp/system/patent/gaiyo/seidogaiyo/chizai02.html>

(English) <https://www.jpo.go.jp/e/system/patent/gaiyo/seidogaiyo/index.html>

この中の「特許権」について、発明が特許になるための要件は、次のページのとおりです。

Regarding *Patent Rights*, the requirements for an invention to become a patented invention are as follows.

Requirements for An invention to Become a Patented Invention



要件は3つ！ Patent Requirements: 3 criteria

- 産業として実施できること（産業上の利用可能性）
Industrial Applicability: this criterion implies that it must be possible to actually manufacture the new invention.
- 新しいこと（新規性）
Novelty: This means that your invention must not have been made public – not even by yourself – before the date of the application
- 容易に考え出すことができないこと（進歩性）
Inventive step: this means that your product or process must be an inventive solution. It cannot be a solution that would be obvious to a manufacturer.

Requirements for An invention to Become a Patented Invention

新規性 Novelty

○特許出願前に公知であった発明は特許されない

Inventions publicly known before the filing of the patent application are not patented.

- ・公然と知られた発明 Publicly Known invention
- ・公然と実施された発明 publicly worked invention
- ・刊行物やインターネットで公表された発明

inventions described in publications or released over the internet

※公然 = 秘密保持義務のない者に知られること

*Open= To be known to those who have no any obligation to keep confidential



知りえた情報を口外しないこと

Do not leak any information acquired through your business to others